



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	De-Squeak™ Conditioning Treatment for Brakes - 318 g
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 75080 (Item# 1006325)
Recommended use	Automotive brake treatment
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Canada Co.
Address	83 Galaxy Blvd Unit 35 - 37 Toronto, ON M9W 5X6 Canada
Telephone	
General Information	416-847-7750
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada)
Website	crc-canada.ca

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (inhalation)	Category 2 (neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on color vision)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on color vision) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental information

None.

Other hazards

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	10 - 30
butane		106-97-8	10 - 30
propane		74-98-6	10 - 30
synthetic elastomer		Proprietary	10 - 30
toluene		108-88-3	10 - 30
aluminum		7429-90-5	3 - 7
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle		64742-46-7	0.5 - 1.5

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Prevent product from entering drains. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Keep container tightly closed. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable.
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Mist.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

**Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs
Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1728 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1188 mg/m3	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	500 ppm	
		5 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 mg/m3	Dust.
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	500 ppm	
		5 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	Welding fume.
		800 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	15 minute	750 ppm	
	8 hour	500 ppm	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	15 minute	20 mg/m3	
		10 mg/m3	
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	15 minute	1250 ppm	

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	8 hour	1000 ppm	
	15 minute	10 mg/m3	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	15 minute	1250 ppm	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	8 hour	1000 ppm	
	15 minute	60 ppm	
	8 hour	50 ppm	

Biological limit values
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines
Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Viton®.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Silver.
Odor	Mild petroleum.
Melting point and freezing point	-138.8 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	132.9 °F (56.1 °C)
Flammability	Not available.

Lower and upper explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%)	1.27 % estimated
Explosive limit - upper (%)	12.8 % estimated
Flash point	1.4 °F (-17.0 °C)
Auto-ignition temperature	500 °F (260 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Kinematic viscosity	< 20.5 cSt
Kinematic viscosity temperature	104 °F (40 °C)
Solubility	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	2709.9 hPa estimated
Density and relative density	0.82 estimated
Relative vapor density	Not available.
Particle characteristics	Not available.
Other information	
Kinematic viscosity	< 20.5 cSt
Kinematic viscosity temperature	104 °F (40 °C)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
--	---

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not known.
----------------	------------

Product	Species	Test Results
De-Squeak™ Conditioning Treatment for Brakes - 318 g		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
ATEmix		150004 mg/kg bw

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant		
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Irritant	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity		
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle (CAS 64742-46-7)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on color vision) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)		
acetone	-0.24	
butane	2.89	
propane	2.36	
toluene	2.73	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
toluene	90	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.	

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Empty container can be recycled. Contents under pressure. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Waste from residues / unused products	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not Applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

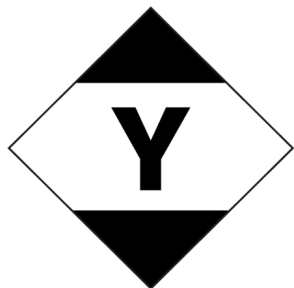
IATA

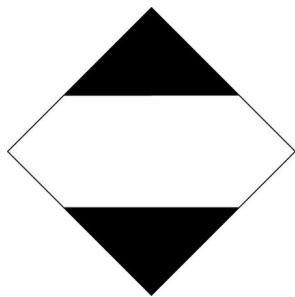
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not Applicable.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not Applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA





15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada. Excluded VOCs. Guidelines for Volatile Organic Compounds in Consumer Products. CEPA 1999. Environment Canada, as amended

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Precursor Control Regulations

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Class B

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		

16. Other information

Issue date	07-19-2019
Revision date	06-09-2023
Version #	02
List of abbreviations	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP). IATA: International Air Transport Association. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average.
Disclaimer	The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Canada Co..
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.