



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Extreme Duty Open Gear and Chain Lube - 340 g</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product Code</b>	No. 73058 (Item# 1006162)
<b>Recommended use</b>	Gear and chain lube
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	Designed to be solely used in the manufacturing or processing of products and NOT the repair of products.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

#### Manufactured or sold by:

<b>Company name</b>	CRC Canada Co.
<b>Address</b>	83 Galaxy Blvd Unit 35 - 37 Toronto, ON M9W 5X6 Canada
<b>Telephone</b>	
<b>General Information</b>	416-847-7750
<b>Technical Assistance</b>	800-556-5074
<b>24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)</b>	800-424-9300 (Canada)
<b>Website</b>	crcindustries.ca

## 2. Hazard identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Aerosols	Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2

### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

<b>Response</b>	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	None.
<b>Other hazards</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	15 - 40
butane		106-97-8	10 - 30
propane		74-98-6	10 - 30
carbon black		1333-86-4	1 - 5
propylene carbonate		108-32-7	1 - 5
crystalline silica, quartz		14808-60-7	0.1 - 1

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Level 3 Aerosol.  Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

**Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	525 mg/m3	

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dust.
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable dust.
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm	

**Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21)**

Components	Type	Value
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	15 minute	1250 ppm
	8 hour	1000 ppm
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	15 minute	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	15 minute	500 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	8 hour	400 ppm
	15 minute	1250 ppm
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	15 minute	1250 ppm
	8 hour	1000 ppm

**Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection****Hand protection**

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene. Viton/butyl.

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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**9. Physical and chemical properties****Physical state**

Liquid.

**Color**

Dark brown. Black.

**Odor**

Hydrocarbon-like.

**Melting point and freezing point**

-55.8 °F (-48.8 °C) estimated

**Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range**

>260 °F (>126.7 °C)

**Flammability**

Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive limits**

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** 2.1 % v/v

<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	9.5 % v/v
<b>Flash point</b>	17.6 °F (-8.0 °C)
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	550.4 °F (288 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	<20 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
<b>Kinematic viscosity temperature</b>	104 °F (40 °C)
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) (log value)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	5516.1 hPa estimated
<b>Density and relative density</b>	0.86 estimated
<b>Relative vapor density</b>	1.56 (air = 1)
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Percent volatile</b>	58 % estimated
<b>VOC</b>	58 %

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides. Acrid smoke.

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## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**      Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**      May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

<b>Product</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
Extreme Duty Open Gear and Chain Lube - 340 g		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	7143 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	4658 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	14920 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	500 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
<i>Vapor</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5.2000000000000002 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Canada - British Columbia OELs: Simple asphyxiant</b>		
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Simple asphyxiant.	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Simple asphyxiant.	
<b>Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Asphyxiant</b>		
butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Simple asphyxiant.	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Simple asphyxiant.	
<b>Canada - Ontario OELs: Asphyxiant</b>		
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Simple asphyxiant.	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	May cause cancer.	
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>		
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	A2 Suspected human carcinogen.	
<b>Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category</b>		
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Suspected human carcinogen.	
<b>Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity</b>		
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Suspected human carcinogen.	
<b>Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category</b>		
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Suspected carcinogenic effect in humans.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
crystalline silica, quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

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## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	
<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</b>	
butane	2.89
propane	2.36
<b>Bioconcentration factor (BCF)</b>	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 2500
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	No data available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

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## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Empty container can be recycled. Contents under pressure. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Not applicable.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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## 14. Transport information

### TDG

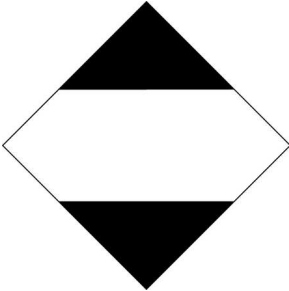
<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not assigned.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-
<b>ERG Code</b>	10L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

**UN number** UN1950  
**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 2.1  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** -  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** Yes, but exempt from the regulations.  
**EmS** F-D, S-U  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IATA****IMDG; TDG**

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**15. Regulatory information****Canadian regulations**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Volatile Organic Compound Concentration Limits for Certain Products Regulations: SOR/2021-268  
Product Category: Designed to be solely used in the manufacturing or processing of products and NOT the repair of products

**Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations**

Not regulated.

**International regulations****Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

Not applicable.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

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**16. Other information****Issue date** 04-25-2019**Revision date** 10-06-2023**Version #** 02

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**Revision information** This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.